Project Inclusion | Projet sur l'inclusion

Educator modules on disability, accessibility, and inclusion

Module 5 Record

Holland Bloorview Kids Rehabilitation Hospital

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Holland Bloorview

Kids Rehabilitation Hospital



Module 5 Record: Preparing for life after high school

Learning outcomes

- 1. Understand the wide range of possible futures students with disabilities can look forward to.
- 2. Explain the importance of:
- Having high expectations.
- Access to a range of experiential learning opportunities from Kindergarten to Grade 12.
- 3. Apply practical strategies in your classroom and experiential learning opportunities.
- 4. Understand how and where to seek additional support.

Examples of the range of experiential learning opportunities gained in school (K–12) and community:

- Classroom responsibilities/chores
- Leadership activities
- Extra-curricular activities
- Community volunteering
- Co-operative education
- Daily practice of learning skills and work habits
- Field trips and outdoor education
- Service learning (school connected)
- Job shadowing and work-site visits



Key message 1: Make positive post-school options possible: Have high expectations. Enable experiential learning opportunities.

Lived experience: Max

Lived experience: Max	Comments:

Lived experience: ODEN

Introductions Projects & Innovation at ODEN Work experience includes private sector, entrepreneurship, not for profit. Mother of two kids, one born with Down syndrome	Lived experience: ODEN	Comments:
Work experience includes private sector, entrepreneurship, not for profit.	Introductions	
not for profit.	Director of Special Projects & Innovation at ODEN	
6 Mother of two kids, one born with Down syndrome	Work experience includes private sector, entrepreneurship, not for profit.	
	Mother of two kids, one born with Down syndrome	

Lived experience: Tiffany

Lived experience: Tiffany	Comments:



Summary section 1

- 1. People with disabilities work in a wide range of careers.
- 2. Employment promotes inclusion, health, and well-being.
- 3. A "good life" has many different parts, and there are many ways to participate in community life.
- 4. Adults' high expectations impact students' opportunities and outcomes.

Reflection/Discussion

What assumptions or stereotypes shape societal beliefs about people with disabilities and their full participation as workers and citizens?

In your experience, what influences beliefs, assumptions, and expectations about post-school possibilities for students with disabilities?

How can educators support students and families to have high expectations for the future?

Write your comments below:		



Key message 2: Use an intentional, differentiated approach to break down barriers to K-12 experiential learning opportunities.

Lived experience: Ingrid

Lived experience: Ingrid	Comments:

Example of an extra-curricular learning activity

Barriers	Result
 No staff available to support participation Concern about safety and risk 	Missed opportunity for:
Strategies and solutions	Result
 School and family discussion to identify solutions Arranged for peer to provide support 	Participation with "natural support" promotes inclusion

Experiences build skills

Experiences in the classroom, school, and community also help all students to build essential learning skills and work habits.



Responsibility

Example: Fulfills responsibilities and commitments within the learning environment.

Organization

Example: Devises and follows a plan for completing work and tasks.

Independent work

Example: Follows instructions with minimal supervision.

Collaboration

Example: Works with others to resolve conflicts and build consensus to achieve group goals.

Initiative

Example: Demonstrates the capacity for innovation and a willingness to take risks.

Self-regulation

Example: Identifies learning opportunities, choices, and strategies to meet personal learning needs and goals.

Adapted from <u>Growing success: Assessment, evaluation, and reporting in Ontario</u> schools. First edition, covering grades 1 to 12, 2010, p. 11.

Lived experience: Yemina and Shaina

Lived experience: Yemina and Shaina	Comments:



Lived experience: Ivona

Lived experience: Ivona	Comments:

Examples of expectations and support

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Barriers	Result
Too little or too much supportLow expectations	Fewer opportunities to work through challenges, be with peers, build skills for learning and life
Strategies and solutions	Result
 High expectations and "just the right amount of support" School and student/family discussion 	Range of challenges, struggles, successes, and growth

Lived experience: Ahsan

Lived experience: Ahsan	Comments:	
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Co-operative education strategies

Common barriers in co-operative education

- physical accessibility of typical student roles
- misconceptions about cost of accommodations, safety
- need for personal care, learning, or behavioural support on the job (who/how can provide support)
- transportation (how student will get to co-op)



Result

Missed or reduced opportunity to get work experience during high school may disrupt/delay next steps→"career scarring"

Strategies and solutions

- Discussions with the student (and family if needed).
- Ask for assistance from school resource staff, board resources, and/or community organizations if needed.
- Talk about preparations, accessibility, and potential accommodations.
- Think creatively about ideas that match interests and strengths to potential co-op employers.

Result

- work experience during high school
- enhanced confidence
- career direction
- skills

Lived experience: Abdul

Lived experience: Abdul	Comments:	

Lived experience: Denise

Lived experience: Denise	Comments:



Barriers require action

Examples of barriers explored in the videos	Examples of other barriers	
Challenges with availability of human resources to support participation	Adult assistance at lunch limits interaction with other students	
Not making time to reflect and plan together (e.g., address accessibility considerations, support learning/life skills growth, plan ahead for post-secondary options and transition)	 Missing after-school activities because of bus transportation home from school Time away from regular daily schedule due to therapies or personal care routines 	
Overprotecting, over-accommodating, or over-modifying, providing more help than is needed	Inconsistently implemented accommodations	
Policy and programming decisions	Activities and environments not accessible	

Summary section 2

- 1. People with disabilities work in a wide range of careers.
- 2. Employment promotes inclusion, health, and well-being.
- 3. A "good life" has many different parts, and there are many ways to participate in community life.
- 4. Adults' high expectations impact students' opportunities and outcomes.
- 5. Experience opportunities are essential for all students, in all grades.
- 6. Use intentional, differentiated action to break down barriers and enable experiential learning opportunities.

Reflection/Discussion 2

What examples in this section:

- surprised you?
- resonated with you?

What are examples of individual and systemic barriers students with disabilities in your school/context face in experiential learning opportunities?

What steps/strategies/solutions have educators in your school taken to support students with disabilities?



What have you found helpful?		
Write your comments below:		



Key message 3: Educate, collaborate, and regularly refresh goals, plans, and accommodations.

Practical strategies

1. Educate yourself and others

Be active

- Continue learning about and promoting disability rights, equity, accessibility, inclusion, and participation.
- Combat assumptions, biases, and stigma about disability.
- Speak to school and school board leaders when you identify individual or systemic barriers.
- Speak up to support others who are working to address barriers.
- Explore options, resources, and potential partners.

Talk about the importance of high expectations and participation at all ages and stages with:

- colleagues
- students
- families
- community organizations (when involved in supporting the student)

2. Review goals, plans, and accommodations regularly

(For educators who support students with disabilities in leadership or resource roles.) Evidence shows that student outcomes are best achieved when planning...

- is intentional
- builds from student's interests, strengths, and goals
- has a strong experiential learning component
- engages family
- connects with community organizations involved in the student's support
- includes short- and longer-term perspectives
- sets clear goals with specific action steps
- incorporates flexible and ongoing reflection
- is updated regularly as the student develops

3. Ask "How?" and partner

- Use universal design for learning and differentiated instruction approaches to intentionally design accessible, equitable, and inclusive experiential learning opportunities.
- Focus on "how" not "whether" to enable participation.
- Partner with students, families, and others.



Summary section 3

- 1. People with disabilities work in a wide range of careers.
- Employment promotes inclusion, health, and well-being.
- 3. A "good life" has many different parts, and there are many ways to participate in community life.
- 4. Adults' high expectations impact students' opportunities and outcomes.
- 5. Experience opportunities are essential for all students, in all grades.
- 6. Many and varied barriers require intentional, differentiated action.
- 7. Educate yourself and others.
- 8. Review and update goals, plans, and accommodations regularly.
- 9. Ask "how?" and partner.

Reflection/Discussion

Think of an experience you have had that brought one or more of the concepts illustrated in this module to life.

What is a simple action you can take that will make a big difference after high school for students with disabilities?

Write your comments below:				



Planning Worksheet Sample: Participation in Experiential Learning

earning		
This worksheet is designed to Student Family	be completed in discussion with:	
School resource/leade	rship staff	
Other community supp	ort organizations if applicable	
Activity & environment: (describe)	X-country run Outdoors – in park behind school grounds Options for 1K, 3K, 5K – student choice Walk or run – student choice Signs and staff monitors at various checkpoints Uneven ground	
Challenges to student's participation: (list)	Concern for safety in between checkpoints when outside school grounds 1. Finding way if not running at same pace as other students 2. Also if encountering a stranger No staff available to accompany student	
Options - how to enable participation: (brainstorm possibilities and list)	 Modify participation – give alternate role (e.g., give out water along route) Modify route so within school fence for all students Family member accompanies student Older student from neighbouring school accompanies student Peer accompanies student Develop buddy system for all students 	
Best option is because	Peer – because peer is a natural support and best promotes inclusion	
Action steps to implement:	 Teacher to talk to potential peer If peer is willing, teacher and parent to talk to student and 	

peer about choices and buddy system



Planning Worksheet: Participation in Experiential Learning

Student School resource/leadership staff Other community support organizations if applicable		
Activity & environment in which activity will happen: (describe)		
Challenges to student's participation: (list)		
Options – how to enable participation: (brainstorm possibilities and list)		
Best option is because		
Action steps to implement: (list)		



Thank you for engaging in this learning. We would like to know about your experience with the module. Please take 5 minutes to do a short survey.

https://redcap.link/projectinclusion

Credits

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Module 5 Links and Resources

Links

Links are listed in the order in which they appear in the key messages. Where appropriate, we have included links to other resources mentioned in the module.

Intro	Creating pathways to success: An education and career/life plan program for Ontario schools
KM 1	Partners for Planning Network Policy on accessible education for students with disabilities
KM 2	Growing success: Assessment, evaluation, and reporting in Ontario schools, first edition, covering grades 1 to 12, 2010 Policy on accessible education for students with disabilities Equity and inclusive education in Ontario schools: Guidelines for policy development and implementation Leadership connection: Building natural supports
KM 3	Learning for all: A guide to effective assessment and instruction for all students, kindergarten to grade 12 Connectability Resource directories Discoverability: Connect to an inclusive employer in Ontario who wants to hire you Family support network for employment Ontario disability employment network Transition resource guide for students with disabilities Transition resources for high school, post-secondary and beyond



Resources

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